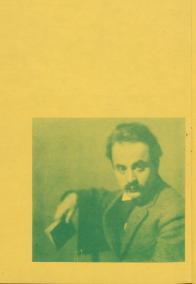
اذا حيت باشعنها جهيع زهم الموسيني كالمصباح تطره فنظهر اعاقه والألحان في قط اوخيالات الشعائر اكحية . نحاه حوادث الوجود وفواعا الاشباح وصور ثلك الخيا النفس زهرة لينة في مهم الصباح تهزها وقطرات الند عصفور تنبه الانسان من ع معه الحكمة مبلاعة نغمة الع



The Arab American Societ of Houston

The University of Houston Librarie

The Works of Kahlil Gibran



Kahlil Gibran is best known in the West for his mystical poetry in English, particularly The Prophet. This month he is being honored for his significant contributions to the development of modern Arabic poetry during the Gibran International Festival at the American University of Beitut, Lebanon. It is with pleasure that the University of Houston Libraries in conjunction with the American Arab Society of Houston present this exhibit of the paintings of Kahlil Gibran.

Gibran has been described by Auguste Rodin as the William Blake of America. Mrs. Annie Salem Otto in her boock The Parables of Kahili Gibran states that "His art like his writings portrays his inner feelings concerning man . . ." The descriptions of the paintings in this brochure have been taken from The Parables of Kahili Gibran and The Art of Kahili Gibran. The titles were given to many of the paintings by Mrs. Otto, whose latest book is The Letters of Kahili Gibran and Mary Haskell. She has used quotations from the diaries of Mary Haskell and her own understanding of his art in discussing each painting.

The exhibition was organized by the Telfair Academy of Arts and Sciences, Inc., Savannah, Georgia. These paintings are part of the collection given to the Academy by Gibran's friend and benefactress Mary Haskell.







Case 1 "Self Portrait" Oil 18 x 15

"It's poor of him. . . . But an *idea* he has expressed. His face is eager, wide-eyed as in vision: mine is in vision too, but with closed eyes." from Mary Haskell's Diary, Thursday, September 28, 1911.

Case 2 "The Gift" Drawing 13 1/2 x 10

This portrait shows a woman with extended hand offering her very soul. The same shy, entreating exposition of the inner nature of woman can be seen in the illustration "On giving" from THE PROPHET.

Case 3 "Portrait of the Artist's Sister, Mary Gibran" Oil 18 x 15

"Mary was at home and Kahlil has just made a small rapid portrait of her which I call much his best portrait yet." from Mary Haskell's Dairy, Thursday, September 28, 1911.

Case 4 "The Blessed Mountain" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

The great shadowy form of the dove represents the Blessed Mountain. Small dove-like Spirits swing freely in flight. They have reached the summit of the Blessed Mountain, and having purtaken of its blessedness, sweep down to the valley below. This picture from SAND AND FOAM represents blessed below.

"The Summit" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

Also from SAND AND FOAM, here we see man and woman joined together intellectually, that is, of one mind. In this constrictions of the mind. And in this unity of Spirit and Mind attain a state of ecstasy which reaches up above on the summit of the holy mountain.

Case 5 "Orpheus" Oil 22 x 14 1/2

"'Since I couldn't get a man,' Gibran said, 'I decided to make a woman—and it's going to be entirely different. . . . It will be full of color " from Mary Haskell's Diary, March 17, 1911.

Case 6 "Life" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

The tall figure of woman represents the ever-prevailing open giveness of the Life Spirit. For Life is as a Mother that gives birth to man. And man is welcome to partake of this Life Spirit freely through loving action.

"The Outstretched Hand" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

It seems as if the man in the picture were saying, "Take from me as you would take from earth. Are we not the same?" Notice the similarity in the color of the body of the man and of the mountain. Both of these paintings are from THE CARDEN OF THE PROPHET.

Case 7 "Nude with Blue Drapery" Drawing-crayon 17 x 24 3/4

Few lines are used in this subtle airy figure of this nude. It is a pastel study in soft relaxation and unadornment.

Case 8 "Mother Earth" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

"Men and women cluster around the great figure of Mother Earth. They are as roots receiving their nourishment from majestic earth. They grow and develop rising up as flowers in one open sky" This drawing is found in THE EARTH CODS.

"Mother and Child" Drawing 8 x 17

Gibran sketched this picture during one of his visits with Mary Haskell. Notice the depth of seriousness in the face of the Mother and the light pleasant inquiry in the face of the child.

Case 9 "Crossed Open Embrace" Watercolor 13 3/4 x 11

In the open darkness of Life, man cradles woman, providing the focus of creation.

MAIN LOBBY BY THE ENTRANCE

Case 1 "Fresh Flowers Daily" Watercolor 11 x 8 1/2

Here one can see Gibran's conception of the Tree of Knowledge of Life. Life grows continually with new growth, new birds and fresh flowers daily. The artist shows that man and animal and the fowls of the air all participate in growth, And growth, that is represented in the upward thrust of angelic wings, is the invisible Spirit that moves Life. This watercoler is from ISCUS THE SON OF MAN. ONE Library Auditorium.

"The Beholder" Oil 14 1/2 x 22 1/2

"There is no detail, no concreteness, no locality; it is hard to say any color predominates. . . All humanity is in the Man and the Sitter at his knee. It is universal. . . The Earth Spirit made Servant" from Mary Haskell's Diary, Tuesday, Sentember 26, 1911.

Case 2 "Portrait of the Artist's Mother" Oil 20 x 25 1/2

This picture shows Kamila Gibran shortly before her death. Gentle serenity and noble courage that derive their quality from the deep living power within the human soul can be seen on the countenance and bearing of the Mother. In the background, one can see the figure of the Dying Lioness whose strength and courage is manifested in a different action by her own animal nature.

"The Earth Gods" Watercolor 11 x 8 3/8

Here man is seen and held in the strong firm grasp of the earth gods. It is a turbulent world and man suffers because of it and looks up to the earth gods seeking help. This drawing is the frontispiece of THE EARTH GODS.

MAIN LOBBY FLAT CASES

Case 1

Kahlil Gibran was born in this home in Bsherri, Lebanon, on January 6, 1883. In June 1894, the family moved to Boston where he wrote the first version of THE PROPHET in Arabic at fifteen. After years of study in Lebanon and Paris he returned to the United States and in 1920 moved to a studio on West Tenth Street. The pages are xerox copies of a book Gibran wrote in Arabic.

Of the studies of Kahlil Gibran one of the most scholarly publications in recent years is KAHLIL CIBHAN: HIS BACKGROUND, CHARACTER AND WORKS by Kahlid S. Hawi, of the American University of Beirnt and one of the members of the organizing committee of the Gibran Festival. This volume is opened to a letter from Gibran.

Case

The picture of Kahlil Ghran at fifteen, from Barbiers Young's a STUDY OF KAHLIL GIBBAN: THIS MAN FROM LEBANON, can be compared with a later photograph of Gibran with an Arabic inscription given to Miss Helene Castine in New York City, Gibran worked for five year annalating THE PROPHET into English, it was published in the Compared to the Compared Compared to the Compared Compared to the Compared Compared to the Compared Co

Case 3

"The Straggle," from TWENTY DIAWWINGS published in 1919, pictures woman frantalisty ledinging to the bredy of man for conflort and support. The man pushes her away with one hand and embraces her bead with the other. The struggle and agony involved bespeak the Crucifitson. Two other studies of the Crucifitson are shown from Annie Salem Otto's THE ART OF KAHLIL GIBRAN. THE PARABLES OF KAHLIL GIBRAN is unterpretation of the writings and art of the author of THE PROPHET by Annie Salem Otto. It is open to The Blessed Force from THE EARTH GODS. The photography of Baskell, from a portain the Miss Helene William Yan Konveneburg in 1926.

MAIN LOBBY BY THE LIBRARY AUDITORIUM

Case 1 "The Three are One" Drawing 22 x 14 3/4

In this drawing, the small figure of man is seen embracing the Spirit figure of his own greater self, and his own greater self is seated in the lap of the greater all-knowing Spirit of Life. The three are one and inseparable. This is the frontispiece of THE MADMAN.

Case 2 "The Gentle Comforter" Watercolor 40 1/2 x 26

Here we see man in his need kneeling at the foot of woman. The gentle, loving understanding of woman is bestowed on man. The shadowy figure in the background represents the ever-present great Life-Snirit.

Case 3 "Head of Christ" Drawing 8 x 5 3/4

This sketch was an early thought which later developed into the drawing of "Jesus the Son of Man."

"Jesus the Son of Man" Drawing 27 1/2 x 17 1/2

To Gibran, Jesus was the greatest of Poets, the greatest of Fighters, and truly a King above all kings and the Master of Infinite Compassion. This drawing is the frontispiece of JESUS THE SON OF MAN.



ر اکفال . ظلمة النفس وتنبر القلب مائي اشباج الذات الحقيقية والنفس كالمرآة المنتصبة له تنعكس عليها رسوم تاك لات . ب رجح التقادير نسيمات ى نلوي عنقها . كذا تغريدة ففلته فيصغي ويشعرو لمجد طائر العذبة وشعوره الرقبق